

Ministry of Finance of Georgia State Treasury



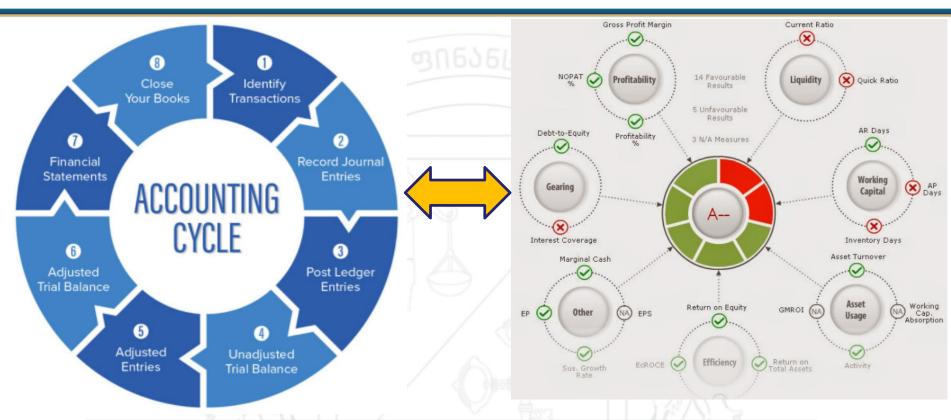
TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND BIG DATA ANALYSIS

David Gamkrelidze April, 2018



WHAT IS AN ULTIMATE GOAL?



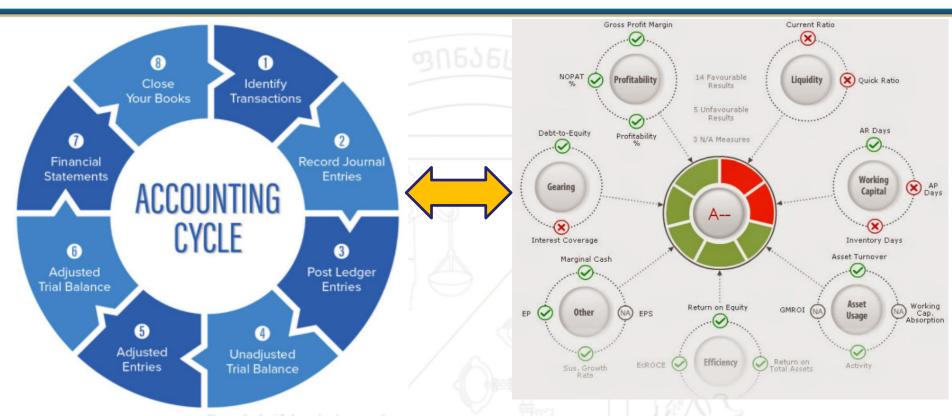


Why Do We Need All This Stuff?



WHAT IS AN ULTIMATE GOAL?





Why Do We Need All This Stuff?

For Better Decision Making !!!

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Common Characteristics:

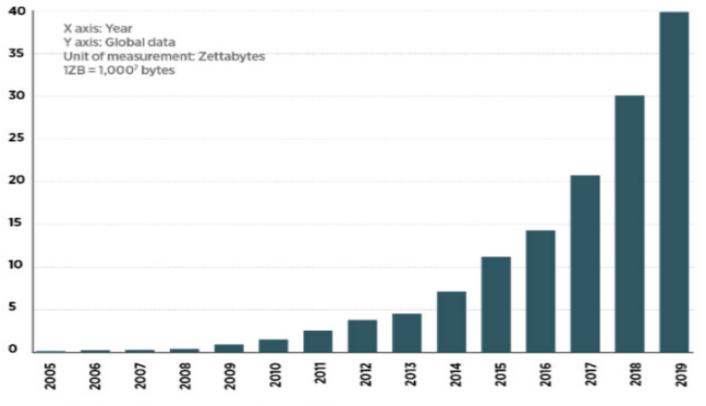
- Volume Collect data from a variety of sources
- Velocity Unprecedented speed of data stream
- Variety Data comes in all types of formats
- Variability Cyclical, inconsistent
- Complexity Difficult to match, link, clean and transform



DATA GROWTH POTENTIAL



DATA GROWTH



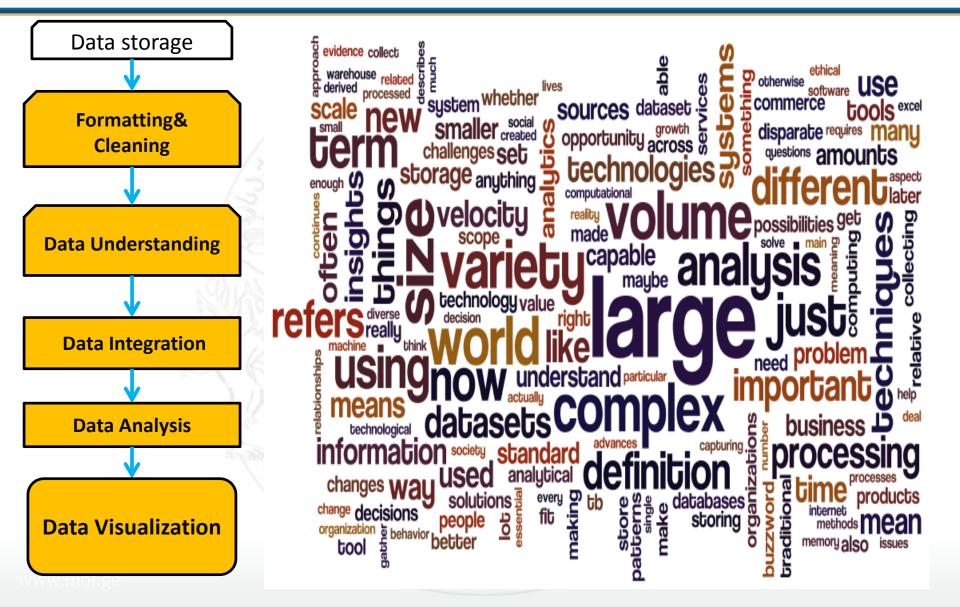
Note: Post-2013 figures are predicted. Source: UNECE

Chart is from the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)



DATA VISUALIZATION ROADMAP GEORGIAN EXPERIENCE







DATA VISUALIZATION ROADMAP GEORGIAN EXPERIENCE



Data storage	Descriptive, Predictive, Prescriptive Analytics	What has happened What could happen What should we do				
Formatting, Cleaning	Indications & Warning	Generally, indications of warfare and potential conflict and other crises, based on quantitative information found in open source datasets				
	Dynamical Systems	Differential or difference equations of low dimensionality representing competing actors (incl. <i>system dynamics</i>)				
Data Understanding	(Hidden) Markov Models	Time-phased data aggregated at fixed intervals with scaled values. Separate from underlying events input to set of discrete states w/ associated probabilities.				
	Event Data Analysis	Analysis of abstracted and coded streams of short-term interactions among competing or cooperating actors				
Data Integration	Econometric Models	Large-scale aggregate models of social actors, states or organizations in economic and social systems – regional, national, international. Regression and statistical models estimating the probability of how variables will affect a specified outcome.				
	Probabilistic Models					
Data Analysis	Principal Components Analysis	Techniques for the reduction of high-dimensionality models to a few Critical dimensions to facilitate prediction and visualization.				
Data Visualization	Game Theory Models	Application of 2-person and N-person game theory to competitive and collaborative situations involving strategic interdependence.				
	Logic Systems	Use of logical formulae and systems to represent and solve qualitative Problems, including deductive, abductive, and inductive techniques.				

Ref: Kaisler and Cioffi-Revilla 2007; Kaisler, Armour, Espinosa, and Money 2014





Financial Ratio Analysis and "Simpson's Reversal Paradox"

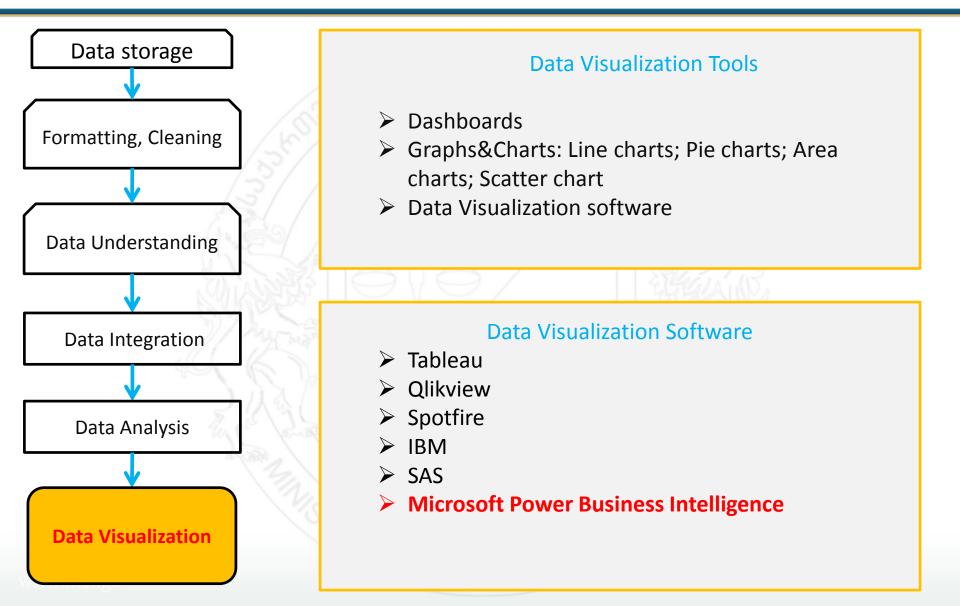
	Quarter 1			Quarter 2		Quarter 3			Quarter 4			
	All shots	Exact shots	%	All shots	Exact shots	%	All shots	Exact shots	%	All shots	Exact shots	%
Player 1	10	7	70 %	4	1	25%	9	7	78 %	5	2	40 %
Player 2	4	3	75%	10	3	30 %	5	4	<mark>80</mark> %	9	4	44%

Is Anything Paradoxical here?



DATA VISUALIZATION ROADMAP GEORGIAN EXPERIENCE









Where we use "Microsoft Power BI"

- Budget Execution Reports
- Accounting and Reporting
- Investment Projection and Management

Microsoft Power BI LIVE DEMONSTRATION





