IAESB

International Accounting Education

Centre for Financial Reporting Reform Vienna 30 May 2017

Topics

- I. Benefits of implementing a learning outcomes approach
- II. Implementing a learning outcomes approach
- III. Continuing professional development
- IV. The Professional Accountant more than debits and credits

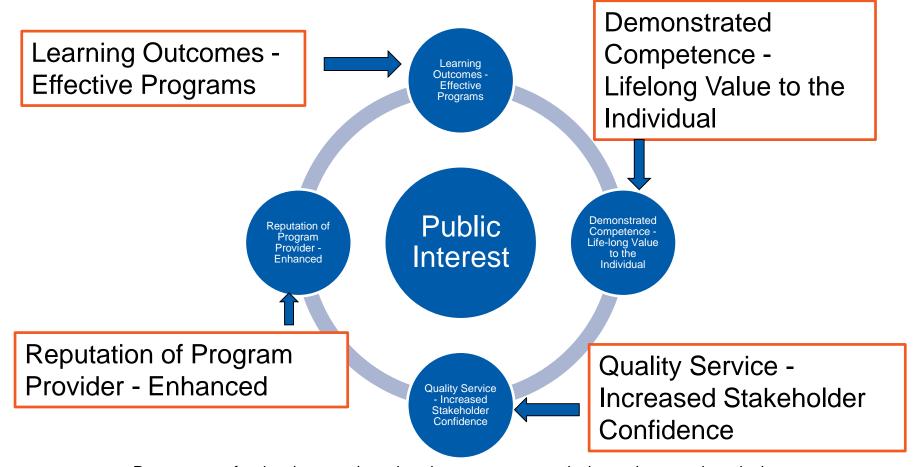




Demand for Professional Accountants

As of 14 May 2017, at just one accounting firm's offices in Central and Eastern Europe, there were 210 open positions for accountants 45% of respondents to the IFAC SMP 2016
Survey stated that finding qualified accountants at all levels is a high or very high challenge; and 35% said providing technical training is a high or very high challenge

The Value Chain of a Learning Outcomes Approach



Program: professional accounting education programs, practical experience and continuing professional development



Benefits of a Learning Outcomes Approach

Credibility of the profession

Quality of service

Professional growth

Confidence of individual

Accountability

Effectiveness of programs

Reputation of program provider



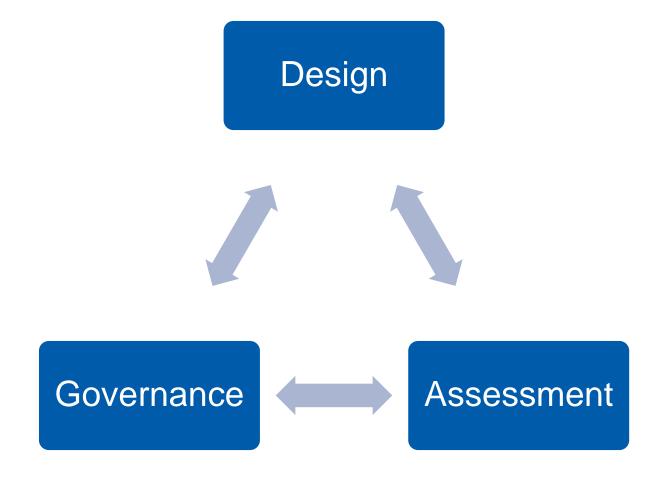
Benefits of a Learning Outcomes Approach

IFAC Member Bodies' Perspective

- Direct link between education and on-the-job capability
- The process of identifying relevant learning outcomes promotes discussion:
 - "What type of professional accountant are we aiming to develop and what are their core development needs?"
- Focus for teaching and learning
- Emphasizes accountability
- Learner-centered approach
- Innovation in teaching is encouraged



Guiding Principles for Implementation





Design of a Program

- Based on role of the individual
- Content and instructional design methods align with the achievement of identified learning outcomes
- Regularly evaluated to improve effectiveness



Assessment

- Achievement of learning outcomes is measured and evidenced using assessment activities
- Reliable, valid, equitable, transparent and sufficient
- A comparison to a defined level, standard or benchmark
- Feedback on the results is provided to the individual to further professional development
- Regularly reviewed for continuous improvement

Governance

- Organizational structures and processes provide direction and oversight to ensure that the guiding principles in the areas of design and assessment are monitored
- A continuous evaluation of programs to improve effectiveness



Implementing a Learning Outcomes Approach

IFAC Member Bodies' Perspective

- Change management -- establish an effective communications plan with stakeholders to assist in its acceptance and aid in implementation
- Consult with stakeholders to understand the needs of the market
- Position learning outcomes as the focal point when developing learning and assessment activities
- Use or develop a competency framework
- Appreciate it will take time and resources

Implementing a Learning Outcomes Approach

Guiding Principles in Practice - Examples by IFAC Member Bodies

- I. Designing curricula and learning outcomes for qualifications that cater to business needs
- II. Setting and marking examinations in a professional accounting education program
- III. Mapping an existing curriculum to prescribed learning outcomes in IES 2
- IV. Designing a higher education program to contribute to a professional accounting qualification

Statement of Membership Obligation 2 (SMO 2)

Direct responsibility

Shared responsibility



Success!





Continuing Professional Development (CPD)

- Provide high quality service to meet the needs of clients, employers, and other stakeholders throughout one's career
- Initial professional development +++++++++
- Changing roles during a career
- The method of measurement does not change the ultimate objective – competence of the professional accountant

The professional accountant is responsible for developing and maintaining professional competence by undertaking relevant CPD activities.



Do you recognize this individual?





The Professional Accountant - Much More than Debits and Credits

- Whole leadership, the ability to lead, to make a difference and deliver results
- The ability to build genuine, trust-based relationships;
- Business acumen, the ability to bring business knowledge and awareness
- Technical capabilities, in accounting and auditing
- Global acumen, transcending boundaries of geography, politics, race and culture

Almost one in four UK CEOs are chartered accountants; 55% of UK CEOs come from a finance career background

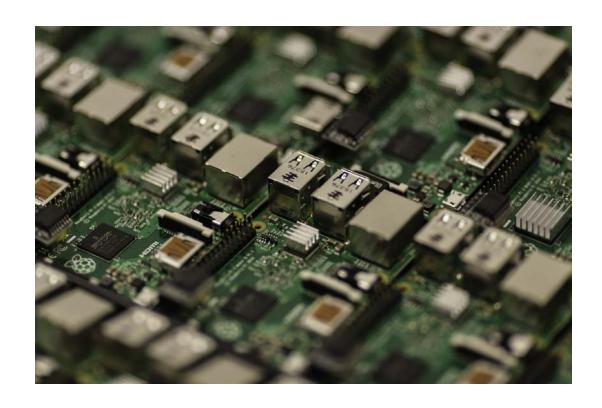
The Professional Accountant





An Example – Information and Communications Technology

- Business Acumen
- Behavioral Competence
- Digital Technologies
- Data Interrogation, Synthesis and Analysis
- Communication



Questions?





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