IFRS® Foundation



IFRS for SMEs[®]

This official pronouncement incorporates 2015 Amendments to the IFRS for SMEs (effective 1 January 2017 with early application permitted).

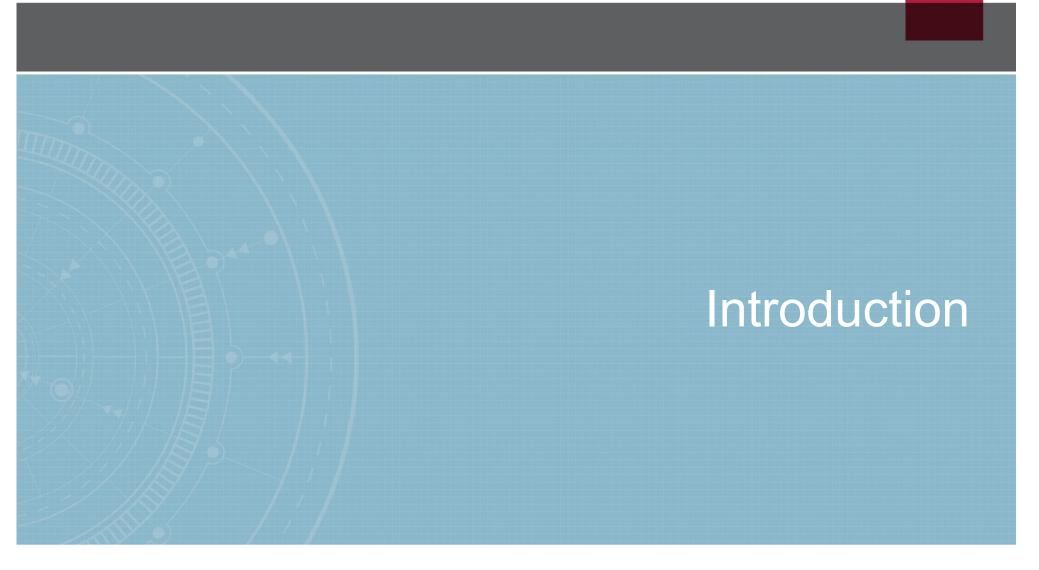


The IFRS for SMEs Standard

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The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter, not necessarily those of the International Accounting Standards Board (the Board) or IFRS Foundation.

BIFRS





Goal of IASB/IFRS Foundation

- To provide the world's integrating capital markets with a common language for financial reporting
- In fulfilling this objective, take account of the needs of:
 - Small and medium-sized entities; and
 - Emerging economies.





Use of IASB's standards

- Full IFRS Standards
 - Required or permitted for all or some listed companies in 138 jurisdictions (of 150 analysed)*
- The IFRS for SMEs Standard
 - Issued in July 2009
 - 85 jurisdictions already permit or require its use and
 - It is under consideration in a further 11 countries

* from an analysis of jurisdictional profiles completed by the IFRS Foundation, correct at 31 March 2017



Overview of the IFRS for SMEs



The IFRS for SMEs Standard

Good Financial Reporting Made Simple.

- +-250 pages
- Simplified Standard, but built on an IFRS foundation
- Completely stand-alone
- Designed specifically for SMEs
- Internationally recognised
- Final standard issued 2009, revised in 2015



Who will be eligible to use it?

- Any entity that does not have public accountability...
 - securities not publicly traded
 - not a financial institution
- ... and is <u>required or chooses</u> to produce General Purpose Financial Statements (GPFS)



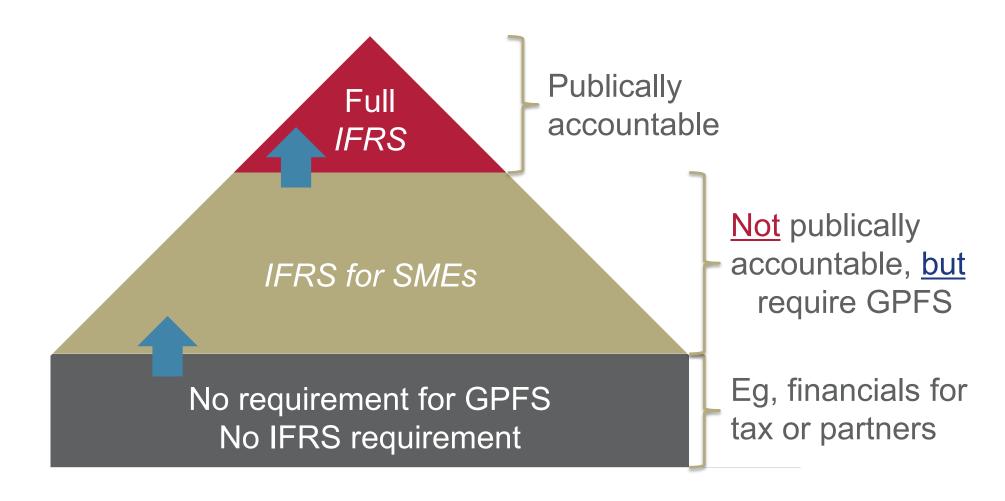
Who is the Standard aimed at?

- Entities that are <u>not publicly accountable</u>
- Entities which <u>must produce GPFS</u>
- Ultimately choice is a public interest issue
 - Decided by parliaments and regulators, not by IASB
 - There is a public benefit in good financial information about companies





Who is the Standard aimed at?







Is it completely stand-alone?

 The only 'fallback' to full IFRS is the <u>option</u> to use IAS 39 instead of the financial instruments sections of IFRS for SMEs



How does it differ from full IFRS Standards?

- Tailored for SMEs
 - User needs for information about cash flows, liquidity, and solvency
 - Costs and SME capabilities
- Much smaller
 - 250 pages vs 3,000 in full IFRS Standards
- Organised by topic
- Simplifications from full IFRS Standards



How did we simplify?

- Some topics in IFRS Standards omitted if irrelevant to private entities
- Where IFRS Standards have options, generally include only simpler option
- Recognition and measurement simplifications
- Reduced disclosures
- Simplified drafting



Disclosure simplifications

- Big reduction in disclosures:
 - Full IFRS Standards more than 3,000 items in the disclosure checklist
 - IFRS for SMEs Standard roughly 300 disclosures
- <u>Kept</u>: Disclosures about short-term cash flow, liquidity, solvency, measurement uncertainties, accounting policy choices
- <u>Dropped</u>: Disaggregations, public capital market disclosures



Why would an SME want to adopt it?

- Improved access to capital
 - This is the #1 issue with SMEs
- Improved comparability
- Improved quality of reporting as compared to existing national GAAP
 - World Bank ROSC reports
- Less of a burden for entities in jurisdictions where full IFRS Standards or full national GAAP are now required.



Why would an SME want to adopt it?

- Other benefits:
 - Implementation Q&As SME Implementation Group
 - Special newsletter for SMEs and auditors using the IFRS for SMEs Standard
 - Textbooks available
 - Software available
 - IASB training materials
 - Commercial training programmes





Implementation support *IASB*

Free training workshops

- >1,100 slides in >20 PowerPoint presentations
- Freely available on request
- We encourage others to use our PowerPoints in training programmes they organise



SME implementation Group (SMEIG)

Objective

 Support international adoption of the IFRS for SMEs Standard and to monitor its implementation

Main responsibilities

- Develop non-mandatory guidance on IFRS for SMEs Standard in the form of Q&As
- Make recommendations to the IASB on the need to amend the IFRS for SMEs Standard





Membership

- SMEIG consists of a maximum of 30 members
 - Appointed for up to 2 terms of 3 years each
 - Broad geographical and functional spread
- 3 vacancies, in case suitable candidates are identified at a later date
- Staggered appointment dates to facilitate continuity





7 Q&As developed to prior to the issue for the 2015 amendments

- Q&As developed where considered during the review process, and adopted into the revised standard
- Consequently, the Q&As were withdrawn as no longer relevant
- SMEIG now considering several new topics which have been raised



2015 Amendments



Comprehensive review

- Initial comprehensive review: After 2 years implementation experience
 - Fix errors and omissions, lack of clarity, and other implementation problems
 - Also consider need for improvements based on recent IFRS Standards and amendments
- Thereafter: Once every three years (approximately) omnibus exposure draft of updates



Process

- Request for Information (Rfl) issued June 2012
- SMEIG developed recommendations for IASB on possible amendments to the IFRS for SMEs Standard February-March 2013
- IASB deliberations April

 –June 2013
- Exposure Draft issued October 2013
- SMEIG recommendations ongoing July to September 2014
- IASB deliberations from October 2014
- Final amendments in 2015



Strategy

Limited Amendments

- Few significant issues identified
- IFRS for SMEs Standard is still a new Standard
- Remember the principle:
 - Keep it simple
 - Alignment with full IFRS useful, not essential
 - SMEs (users, preparers, regulators)
- Each new and revised IFRS considered individually
- New IFRS Standards <u>only</u> considered <u>once</u> published

Main amendments

- Permitting revaluation model for PPE
- Aligning recognition and measurement requirements for income tax with full IFRS
- A few additional undue cost or effort exemptions, plus
 - guidance on application
 - required disclosure of reasoning
- Most other amendments clarify or add guidance
 - rather than change underlying requirements



Future reviews of the Standard





Future reviews of the Standard Comprehensive review

Proposal

- To start two years after effective date of amendments from the last comprehensive review
- Includes Request for Information and exposure draft

Probable effect in current cycle

- Review would start January 2019
- Include:
 - Consequences of 2017 changes
 - New application issues
 - New IFRS Standards
- Effective 2022/2023



Future reviews of the Standard Interim review: Maintenance

Proposal

- To consider new and revised IFRS not yet incorporated
- Consider any urgent changes
- Includes exposure draft (but not RFI)

Effect in current cycle

- Considered by the Board in late 2016
- Concluded that there was no requirement for an interim review



Future reviews of the Standard Stable Platform, but responsive

We consider:

A 'Mandatory' change every 5 to 6 years,

Together with

An Interim change in between

With

Updates no more frequently than every 3 years

Means

Stable platform that is still responsive to a changing environment





Available support and guidance material



Self-study training materials

Training material

- Developed by IFRS Foundation staff
- Multi-level peer review but not Board approved
- 35 standalone modules (1 for each section of the IFRS for SMEs Standard)
- Training material = +2,000 A4 pages
- Self study



Self-study training materials

Each module includes

- Explanation of the requirements
 - Full text of the requirements
 - 'How to' numerical examples
 - Other explanations
- Discussion of important judgements
- Comparison with full IFRS Standards
- Test your knowledge multiple choice quiz
- Apply your knowledge case studies



SME Update newsletter

- Free subscription delivered by email
 - 15,000 subscribers
- Topics typically covered:
 - New adoptions and translations
 - SMEIG activity
 - All draft and final Q&As
 - Training materials
 - Train the trainers workshops
 - Links to resources



Executive briefing booklet

- Written for lenders, creditors, owner-managers and others who use SME financial statements
 - 8 pages
 - What is the IFRS for SMEs Standard? Who is it aimed at? Who uses it? Differences with full IFRS Standards
 - Revised 2012
 - Free download



Guidance for Micro SMEs

- IASB staff have developed guidance to help microsized SMEs apply IFRS for SMEs Standard
 - Tiny companies
 - Not a new standard
 - Extract relevant principles from IFRS for SMEs Standard
 - SMEIG review, Board review
 - Guidance booklet contains cross-references to *IFRS for SMEs Standard* for matters omitted in micro booklet

Guidance for Micro SMEs Continued

- Guidance booklet not been updated for the 2015 Amendments to IFRS for SMEs Standard
- IASB staff looking at an electronic equivalent, which would permit user flexibility to tailor to own requirements





IFRS for SMEs Standard on the IASB website

- Download standard and translations
- Comprehensive review
- SME Implementation Group
- Q&As
- Update newsletter
- Presentations, webcasts, resources
- Project history

http://www.ifrs.org/issued-standards/ifrs-for-smes/







Contact us

