

ODRŽIVOST:

Uloga računovodstvene i revizorske profesije

**Konferencija Zajednice prakse za
računovodstvo i reviziju u organizaciji
CFRR-a Svjetske banke**

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DAVID MADON

Direktor – Održivost, politika i
regulatorni poslovi



International
Federation
of Accountants

**IFAC-ov
GLOBALNI
DIJALOG O
ODRŽIVOSTI**



SADRŽAJ

Poziv računovodstvenoj i revizorskoj profesiji na djelovanje

Uloga računovođa kao „omogućivača“ održive tranzicije

1. Održivost počinje unutar kompanija: „integrirani načini razmišljanja“
2. Izgradnja globalnog sustava izvještavanja: pristup temeljen na gradivnim blokovima
3. Povjerenje i pouzdanost objava: izražavanje/pribavljanje uvjerenja visoke kvalitete

Postizanje neto nulte stope emisija

Ubrzavanje održivosti

IFAC-OV POZIV NA DJELOVANJE

1. Potrebna nam je visoka kvaliteta informacija o održivosti
2. Moramo zagovarati svoju profesiju

TIME FOR ACTION ON SUSTAINABILITY: NEXT STEPS FOR THE ACCOUNTANCY PROFESSION



With the establishment of the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB), the way forward is clear: The accountancy profession must lead on climate reporting and other material environmental, social and governance disclosures and their assurance—contributing to strong and sustainable financial markets and economies and enabling the UN's Sustainable Development Goals.

ACTIONS

- 1 Advocate for smart sustainability-related policymaking & regulation—starting with support for the new ISSB and requiring assurance of sustainability disclosures.
- 2 Adopt an integrated mindset—breaking down information silos within companies and promoting an interconnected approach to what companies report and have assured.

- 3 Be proactive on climate reporting—complying with existing standard-setter requirements and best practices.
- 4 Demonstrate sustainability-related skills and competencies—ensuring professional accountants continue to expand the value-added services they are able to offer in the future.

ACCELERATE SUSTAINABILITY

To address the climate crisis
To promote sustainable organizations that create long-term value for investors, stakeholders, and society
To enable reporting entities and investors to measure and assess progress towards sustainability objectives

THE OBJECTIVE

ENABLE HIGH-QUALITY & DECISION-USEFUL INFORMATION

AVOID REGULATORY FRAGMENTATION

To promote consistency and comparability for investors and capital markets
To reduce cost, complexity, and confusion for reporting entities



Support and promote the ISSB—the accountancy profession is an essential stakeholder

- The path to globally comparable, decision-useful, and assurable sustainability disclosure starts with a comprehensive baseline of standards set by the ISSB. This is **Block 1 of the Building Block Approach**: investor-focused information.
- The accountancy profession should encourage and contribute to the completion of the ISSB's climate standard in 2022, with potential endorsement by IOSCO. This is step one in the ISSB's mission to develop standards addressing a broad range of environmental, social and governance factors.



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1. ODRŽIVOST I STVARANJE VRIJEDNOSTI

Sve počinje unutar kompanija

Zagovaranje integriranog načina razmišljanja

- Što je integrirani način razmišljanja; zašto je potreban?
 - Donošenje boljih odluka
 - Bolje izvještavanje
- Razbijanje informacijskih silosa
 - Angažiranje glavnog financijskog direktora i financijskog tima
- Jačanje povjerenja u informacije

Predsjednici Odbora za računovodstvene standarde (IASB) i Odbora za međunarodne standarde održivosti (ISSB) artikuliraju budući pravac razvoja integriranog okvira izvještavanja i integriranih principa razmišljanja

CHAMPIONING AN INTEGRATED MINDSET TO DRIVE SUSTAINABLE VALUE CREATION



What is an integrated mindset and why is it needed?

BETTER DECISION MAKING TO ENABLE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTABILITY

Management and boards are enabled to make informed decisions and provide effective oversight of sustainable value creation by taking into account all relevant information. This involves ensuring all material sustainability impacts and dependencies, related risks and opportunities, and their financial implications, are identified, measured, tracked and considered in decision-making.

Sustainability information relevant to strategy and business model is used to identify company priorities that best lead to the creation and protection of value for the organization, as well as the environment and society.

Resource allocation and performance is aligned by incorporating sustainability priorities into planning, capital allocation decisions, performance dashboards and reporting across the organization.

BETTER REPORTING TO ENABLE TRANSPARENCY AND DECISION-USEFUL DISCLOSURE

Investors, capital markets, regulators and others demand improvements in corporate reporting to enhance transparency and to ensure capital is allocated toward sustainable value creation.

Sustainability disclosure is evolving quickly to meet investor and other stakeholder needs:

- IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards will create a comprehensive global baseline and connect sustainability risks and opportunities to economic decision making and the value of the business (i.e., enterprise value creation).
- Jurisdiction-specific initiatives can complement global requirements, particularly in relation to multi-stakeholder, impact-focused reporting.

Decision-useful disclosure will only follow if financial and sustainability information and their supporting business processes and systems are integrated, and the quality of sustainability information, as well as its connectivity to financial position and performance is improved. Connecting sustainability information also provides greater insight into intangible knowledge assets that drive enterprise value.

HOW IS AN INTEGRATED MINDSET ACHIEVED?

Breaking down siloes: The Role of the CFO & Finance Team

Boards and CEOs are turning to CFOs to enhance the connectivity and maturity of information by:

- Consolidating and prioritizing relevant issues and information from various corporate functions and external sources about sustainability impacts and significant opportunities and risks, and subsequently ensuring integration of this information into planning, financial analysis, and scorecards.
- Connecting information and reporting processes—i.e., governance, risk, ESG, financial—into a more integrated corporate reporting process that provides a comprehensive picture of performance and value creation to the organization, its investors, and other stakeholders.
- Objectively analyzing and reconciling trade-offs—i.e., between stakeholder interests within and outside the organization, and potential initiatives and their relative contribution to value creation.
- Leveraging the professional accountant's expertise in reporting processes, systems and controls; regulatory compliance and adherence to standards; and building confidence through internal and external assurance.



The professional accountant's skillset, ethics and business acumen are critical to high-quality and decision-useful sustainability information

Building Trust in Information

Confidence in sustainability data and information can be achieved by:

- Boards and audit committees fulfilling their oversight responsibilities for instilling a culture of integrity and ethics, and comprehensive, interconnected corporate reporting and related risk management, and assurance.
- Applying financial reporting principles and controls to material sustainability disclosure so that sustainability information is reliable, relevant, decision-useful and timely (i.e., it can be disclosed at the same time as the financial statements).
- Establishing an organization-wide data and decision-making architecture that provides consistency to relevant metrics and KPIs—thereby enabling reliability and comparability across regions, business units, and subsidiaries.
- Leveraging technology—i.e., automation of data extraction, digital workflows with embedded controls, and use of analytics.

Explore case studies highlighting the role of CFOs and their teams in sustainability.

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2. IZGRADNJA GLOBALNOG SUSTAVA IZVJEŠTAVANJA

Najnovije vijesti u oblasti propisivanja standarda

ISSB / Zaklada za IFRS

- Nacrti standarda za javnu raspravu o objavama povezanimi s klimatskim rizicima i općim zahtjevima
- Ugovor o suradnji s Globalnom inicijativom za izvještavanje (GRI)
- Radne grupe

Put ka globalnoj osnovi

- „Potrebne institucionalne i tehničke podloge“ bit će dovršene do kraja godine.
- G7 podupire globalnu osnovu
- Podrška Međunarodne organizacije komisija za vrijednosne papire (IOSCO) poslužit će kao osnova za usvajanje ili informiranje o standardima ISSB-a.

2. IZGRADNJA GLOBALNOG SUSTAVA IZVJEŠTAVANJA

Najnovije vijesti u oblasti propisivanja standarda

Objave Komisije za vrijednosne papire i burzu SAD-a (U.S. SEC) povezane s klimatskim rizicima za investitore

- Zainteresirane strane su suglasne o usklađenosti zahtjeva SEC-a i ISSB-a u ključnim područjima

Europski standardi izvještavanja o održivosti (ESRS) Europske savjetodavne grupe za finansijsko izvještavanje (EFRAG)

- Zainteresirane strane zabrinute oko detaljiranosti i kompleksnosti, usklađenosti s ISSB-om, previše toga prebrzo

IFAC podupire ključne globalne teme

- Usklađenost između ISSB-a i izvještaja jurisdikcija
- Dvije perspektive o značajnosti
- Oslanjanje na postojeće okvire / standarde
- Obavezno izvještavanje i izražavanje uvjerenja
- Globalni standardi izražavanja uvjerenja IAASB-a
- Povezivanje ESG informacija i finansijskih informacija

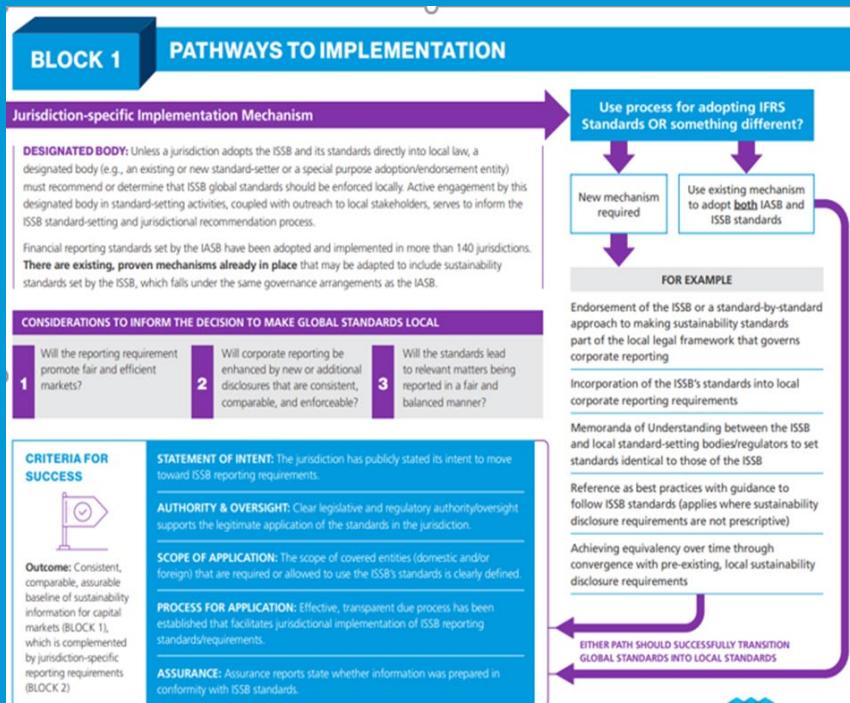


Leading Financial Market Participants Call for Stronger Alignment of Regulatory and Standard Setting Efforts around Sustainability Disclosure

2. IZGRADNJA GLOBALNOG SUSTAVA IZVJEŠTAVANJA

Pojednostavljenje kompleksnosti

Suradnja s lokalnim tijelima – Dosljedna, usporediva, uvjerljiva *globalna osnova* za tržišta kapitala koja se može nadopuniti zahtjevima specifičnim za jurisdikciju

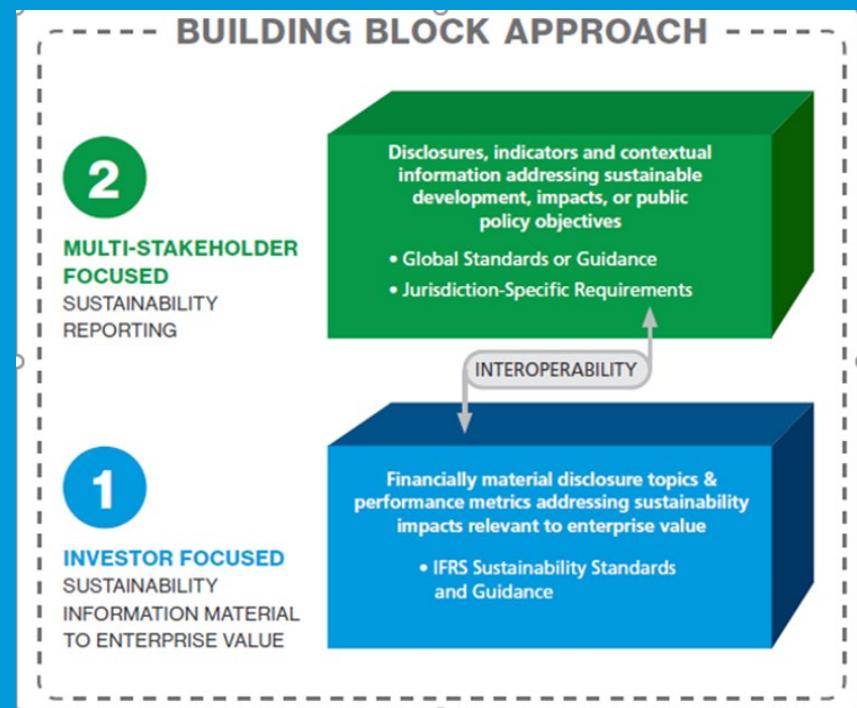


1. perspektiva:

Objave izvana prema unutra – Značajni utjecaji na vrijednost poduzeća (EV)/rezultate

2. perspektiva:

Objave iznutra prema van – Utjecaji više zainteresiranih strana / društva



3. IZVJEŠTAJ O STANJU STVARI: NAJNOVIJE INFORMACIJE

Izvještavanje i izražavanje/pribavljanje uvjerenja o ESG informacijama



Na temelju izvještaja iz 2020.

- Novi podaci o tržištu koje se brzo razvija
- Podupire razvoj politika na temelju dokaza
- Ponovno ističe IFAC-ovu viziju o izražavanju/pribavljanju uvjerenja visoke kvalitete (prosinac/decembar 2021.)
- Uslijedit će podaci na temelju izvještajnog ciklusa iz 2021.

MAPIRANJE PRAKSI GLOBALNOG IZVJEŠTAVANJA I IZRAŽAVANJA/PRIBAVLJANJA UVJERENJA

Ova je studija bila osmišljena za stjecanje najnovijih saznanja (na temelju izvještaja iz 2020.) o praksi na tržištu u pogledu pribavljanja uvjerenja o informacijama o ESG metriči (zaštita okoliša, društvo i upravljanje) ili održivosti iz cijelog svijeta. Pregledano je 1400 kompanija u dvadeset i dvije jurisdikcije. (Vidi poglavje koje se odnosi na metodologiju). Smatralo se da je kompanija podnijela izvještaj o ESG informacijama ili pribavila uvjerenje, bez obzira na to koliko je informacija bilo pruženo ili provjereno pribavljenim uvjerenjem (tj. u obzir se uzimala jedna (brojčana) informacija u vezi s emisijom stakleničkih plinova.)

KEY FINDINGS: 2020 VS. 2019

KLJUČNI NALAZI: 2020. vs. 2019.

2020

92%

2019

91%

2020

58%

2019

51%

2020

61%

2019

63%

angžmana s izražavanjem uvjerenja obavila
revizorska društva

2020

82%

2019

83%

uvjerenja ograničene naravi

2020

94%

2019

88%

revizorskih društava primijenilo standard ISAE
3000 (izmijenjen)

Za drugu godinu, naša analiza pokazuje da premda je učestalost izvještavanja o ESG informacijama visoka, to nije slučaj s izražavanjem/pribavljanjem uvjerenja, te postoje značajne razlike u praksi ovisno o jurisdikciji.

KRATAK PRIKAZ PROMJENA: IZRAŽAVANJE/PRIBAVLJANJE UVJERENJA



PRIBAVLJENO UVJERENJE O ESG INFORMACIJAMA.

Postotak kompanija koje su pribavile uvjerenje za određene izvještaje o ESG informacijama iz 2020. povećao se od:

Dvoznamenkast porast zabilježen u Australiji, Brazilu, Kanadi, Italiji, Rusiji, Turskoj i Ujedinjenoj Kraljevini.

51% to **58%**
in 2019 in 2020

TKO IZRAŽAVA UVJERENJE.

Od **833** zasebnih izvještaja s izražavanjem uvjerenja za **741** kompaniju;

61%

angažmana (tj. 505 od 833 izvještaja) obavila revizorska društva ili povezana društva — nominalna promjena sa **63 % u 2019.**

Većinu angažmana s izražavanjem uvjerenja u Hong Kongu (posebnoj administrativnoj regiji NRK-a), Kini, Indiji, Indoneziji, Južnoj Koreji, Ujedinjenoj Kraljevini i SAD-u nisu obavila revizorska društva ili povezana društva.

Standardi izražavanja uvjerenja. ISAE 3000

(izmijenjen) i dalje je najčešće korišteni standard u angažmanima s izražavanjem uvjerenja o ESG informacijama — porast sa:

68% to **72%**
in 2019 in 2020

94 % revizorskih društava (ili povezanih društava) koristilo je standard ISAE 3000 (izmijenjen), dok su drugi pružatelji usluga najčešće koristili druge standarde, a ne standarde IAASB-a (ti samo 39 % ih je koristilo standard ISAE 3000).

Razina uvjerenja. **97 % angažmana koje su obavila revizorska društva** dovelo je do izvještaja s izražavanjem ograničenog uvjerenja. S druge strane, **59 %** angažmana koje su obavili drugi pružatelji usluga dovelo je do ograničenog uvjerenja, ali također je bilo umjerenih uvjerenja (**23 %**) i razumnih uvjerenja (**18 %**).

IFAC-OVA VIZIJA ZA IZRAŽAVANJE UVJERENJA O ODRŽIVOSTI VISOKE KVALITETE

Najbolja praksa koja je u nastanku

- **Regulatorni okviri** – dostavljanje korisnih informacija za donošenje odluka (pri izražavanju uvjerenja)
- **Usklađivanje** – između informacija o održivosti i finansijskih informacija
- **Međusobno povezan pristup** – između finansijske revizije i angažmana s izražavanjem uvjerenja o informacijama o održivosti

Temelj za globalne standarde visoke kvalitete

- **Harmonizacija globalnog sustava izvještavanja** – pruža najbolju osnovu za izražavanje uvjerenja visoke kvalitete
- **Standardi IAASB-a** – potiču daljnji razvoj i dosljednost u angažmanima s izražavanjem uvjerenja
- **Regulativa i nadzor primjene** – omogućuju univerzalnu primjenu globalnih standarda

IFAC'S VISION FOR HIGH-QUALITY ASSURANCE OF SUSTAINABILITY INFORMATION



Sustainability-related disclosure is finally taking its rightful place within the corporate reporting ecosystem, through global and jurisdiction-specific initiatives. Climate, human capital, and other ESG matters are becoming decision critical. The way forward is clear—with the establishment of the International Sustainability Standards Board and support from public authorities like IOSCO—for a system that delivers consistent, comparable, and reliable information.

In order to be trusted, sustainability disclosure must be subject to high-quality, independent, external assurance. Best practices are emerging—founded on high-quality standards.

EMERGING BEST PRACTICES

Regulatory frameworks should be designed to promote rigor and define the scope of what companies report and have assured—resulting in robust, decision-useful information. Regulation should disincentivize compliance-based reporting and assurance.

Aligning sustainability disclosure with financial reporting (i.e., applying an integrated mindset, improving timeliness, and including disclosures in management commentary or **integrated reports**) should break down information silos within companies and support an interconnected approach to both reporting and assurance.

Interconnecting sustainability assurance with financial statement audit engagements leverages the skills and competencies of professional auditors as well as their knowledge of company strategy, governance, business model, risks/opportunities, and performance—maximizing value to companies and their stakeholders.

Over time, transitioning from the current practice of limited assurance to reasonable assurance engagements would further enhance trust and confidence.

A proportional and phased approach to new reporting and assurance requirements, especially for smaller enterprises, allows appropriate time for implementation.

HIGH-QUALITY GLOBAL STANDARDS

A harmonized, global reporting system based on the **Building Blocks Approach** provides the ideal basis for robust, high-quality assurance. Sustainability standards should be developed with assurance in mind and assurance processes need to align with reporting frameworks.

Regulatory fragmentation at the global level creates unnecessary costs and reduces comparability and consistency. This applies to standards for reporting and assurance of sustainability information.

To meet stakeholder needs, **ISAE 3000 (Revised)** requires practitioner competence, compliance with quality control/management standards, and an ethical framework. This is the most globally-accepted standard and the logical foundation for driving evolution and consistency in sustainability assurance engagements.

Regulation and enforcement must deliver uniform application of standards across different service providers of sustainability assurance engagements. To do otherwise introduces doubt and confusion about the integrity and reliability of reported information.

Sustainability assurance depends on practitioners exercising professional judgement and skepticism and acting with independence—all in accordance with an ethical framework such as the **IESBA Code**.

ASSURANCE ENHANCES THE CREDIBILITY OF REPORTING

Authorities and regulators should maximize trust and confidence in sustainability disclosure by requiring high-quality assurance.

SUPPORTING THE ECOSYSTEM

- Corporate governance should provide effective oversight of all reported information, including over the drivers of enterprise value and/or societal impacts relevant to strategic decision-making, risk management, and investor/stakeholder confidence.
- Multidisciplinary firms enable professional accountants to be on the leading edge of sustainability subject matter expertise and to deliver value-added services.

- Professional accountancy organizations should provide member support, education, and technical guidance as well as promote high-quality reporting and assurance through discussions with policymakers, regulators, investors, and other stakeholders.
- Current legal liability regimes need to be updated to better ensure high-quality sustainability disclosure and assurance thereon.

POSTIZANJE NETO NULTE STOPE EMISIJA

GLOBALNI PREGLED KORPORATIVNIH OBJAVA O EMISIJSKIM CILJEVIMA I MJERAMA ZA NJIHOVO POSTIZANJE



Na temelju izvještaja iz 2020.

- Na osnovi izvještaja o stanju stvari
- Fokus na javno dostupne korporativne objave
- 600 kompanija iz G7 + 8 jurisdikcija
- Detalji koji se odnose na terminologiju, sadržaj, dosljednost/usporedivost, i troškove tranzicije
- Podupire raspravu o politikama na temelju dokaza / regulativi i razvoju

UČESTALOST EMISIJSKIH CILJEVA I PLANOVA

Oblast objavljivanja koja se sve više razvija

- **66 % velikih pregledanih kompanija** objavilo je brojčani cilj smanjenja emisija
- Istraživanje o stanju stvari pokazuje da **92 % kompanija podnosi izvještaje o emisijama stakleničkih plinova**

39 % kompanija uključilo je emisije (opskrbnih lanaca) razine 3 u svoje ciljeve

397 OF 600 COMPANIES REPORTED A TARGET

Emissions targets



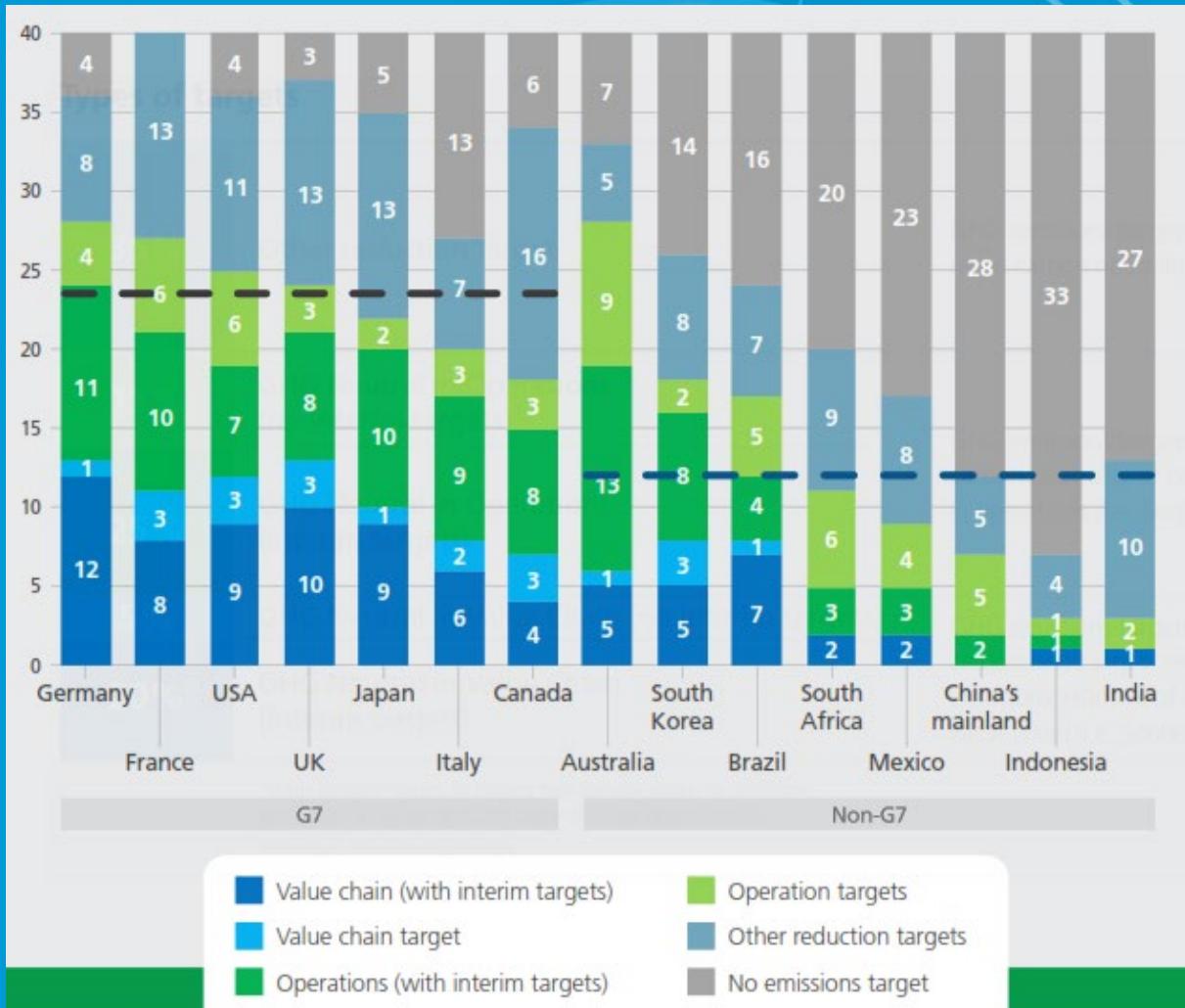
Types of targets

Types of targets
35% Other reduction target
15% GHG Neutral in Operations (no interim targets)
25% GHG Neutral in Operations (interim targets)
5% GHG Neutral in Value Chain (no interim targets)
20% GHG Neutral in Value Chain (interim targets)

CILJEVI PO JURISDIKCIJAMA

Prakse objavljivanja potaknute tržištem u G7 vs. izvan G7

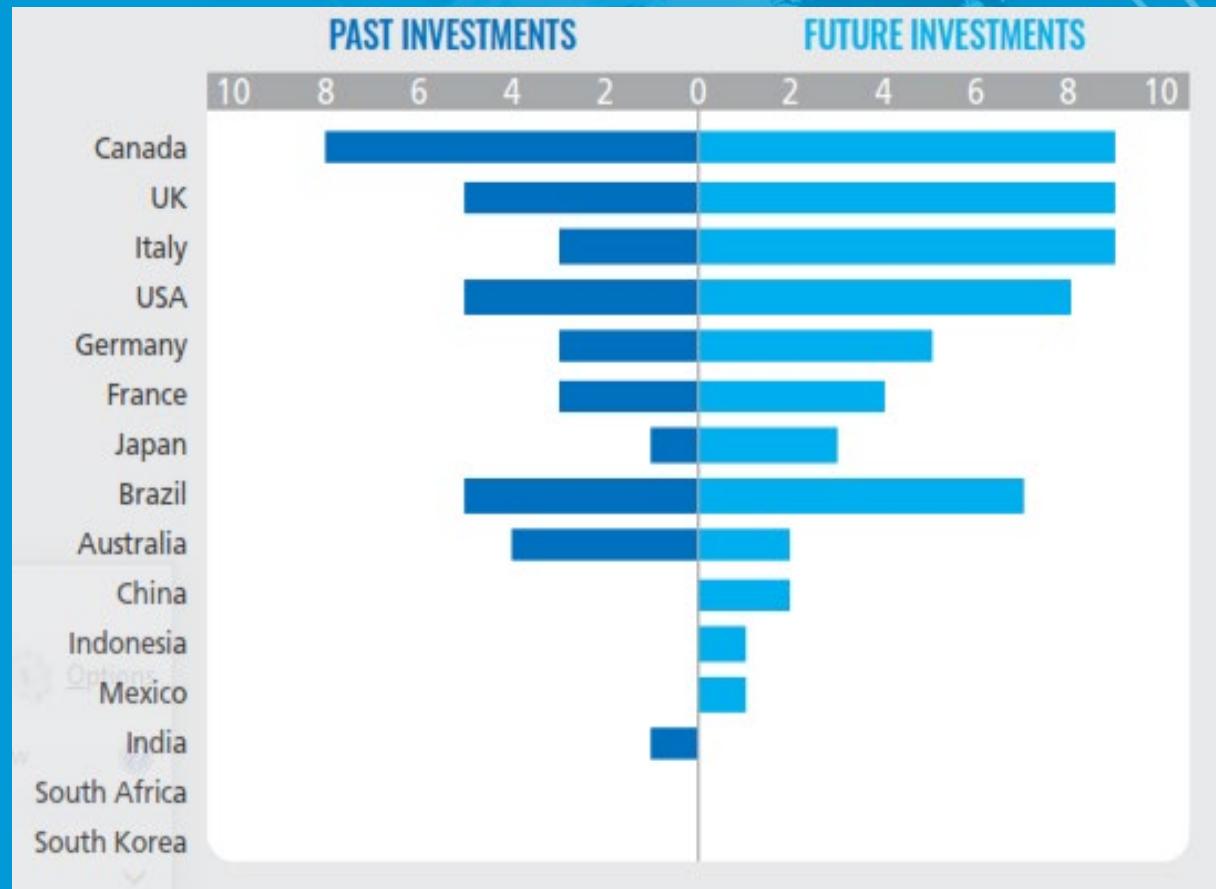
- 43 % pregledanih kompanija objavilo je ugljičnu neutralnost ili neto nultu stopu emisija („plavi“ i „zeleni“)
- 59 % kompanija u G7
- Prosjek pada na 30 % kompanija izvan G7
- Politički / društveni mandati ili druge sile na tržištu potiču dobrovoljne objave



TROŠKOVI TRANZICIJE

24 % kompanija objavljuje troškove

- Samo 14 kompanija navodi troškove prethodnog i budućeg razdoblja
- 70 % troškova prethodnog razdoblja odnosilo se na projekte učinkovitosti i projekte proizvodnje energije iz obnovljivih izvora
- U okviru troškova budućeg razdoblja, najčešće se spominjalo održivo financiranje, a zatim nespecificirane investicije



ZAKLJUČNE NAPOMENE

Izbjegavajte regulatornu rascjepkanost

- Smanjite troškove, kompleksnost i nejasnoće
- Stvorite jednake uvjete za sve
- Maksimalno povećajte pristup globalnom kapitalu

Ubrzajte održivost

- Visoka kvaliteta izvještaja koji se bave klimatskom krizom
- Mjerjenje i procjena napretka u pogledu održivosti
- Organizacije koje stvaraju dugoročnu vrijednost za investitore i društvo

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HVALA VAM



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